

## **M. Phil / PhD (Sociology)**

### **Paper I: Social Research Methodology**

**Code No: 09DMPS001**

#### **Unit I**

##### **Social Research**

Meaning and importance of research. Theory and research. Basic concepts - Facts, concepts and variables. Hypotheses – Need, types and formulation. Types of research – Pure, Action, Applied, Quantitative and Qualitative. Selection of research problem. Steps in research.

#### **Unit II**

##### **Research Design, Sampling and scaling techniques**

**Research design:** Meaning. Types: Exploratory, Descriptive, Diagnostic, Experimental and Explanatory. **Sampling:** Meaning, Universe, Types, Sample frame, Sample Size. **Scaling techniques:** Lickerts, Guttman, Thurstone, Bogardus and Sociometry.

#### **Unit III**

**Data Collection:** Methods: Observation, Interview, Case Study, Content Analysis oral History and Narrative. Tools: Interview Guide, Interview Schedule and Questionnaire.

#### **Unit IV**

**Analysis of Data:** Statistics: Meanings, Functions and Importance of Statistics in Social Sciences. Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion. **Association:** Chi-square, Association of Attributes, Gamma test. **T-test.** Correlation: Rank Correlation and Karl Pearson Co-efficient of Correlation. Use of computer in social research-Statistical Packages for Social Sciences (SPSS).

#### **Unit V**

##### **Processing of data and Report writing:**

Editing, Coding, Classification, Tabulation and Interpretation of data. Procedures and Steps in Report Writing. Features of good research report.

## **REFERENCES:**

1. Ahuja, Ram. 2006. Research Method. Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
2. Kothari, C.R. 1992. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited.
3. Krishnaswami, O.R. 1996. Methodology of Research in Social Sciences. Mumbai, Himalaya Publishing House.
4. Sharma, Ram Nath and Sharma. 1983. Research Methods in Social Sciences. Mumbai, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
5. Das, Lal.D.K. 2008. Designs of Social Research. Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
6. Goode, William, J and Hatt, P.K. 1952. Methods of Social Research, New Delhi, McGraw-Hill.
7. Young, P.V. 1966. Scientific Social Surveys and Research, New Delhi, Prentice Hall.
8. Wilkinson, T.S. and Bhandarkar, P.L. 1984. Methods and Techniques of Social Research, Bombay, Himalaya Publishing House.
9. Galtung, John. 1967. Theory and Methods of Social Research, London, Allen & Unwin.
10. Gupta, S.P. 1991. Statistical Methods. New Delhi, Sultan Chand & Sons Publishers.

## **Paper – II Sociological Theories**

**Code No: 09DMPS002**

### **Objectives**

To help the scholars to understand the society from different perspectives which may help them to learn the social order systematically.

### **Unit – I**

**Functionalism** – Intellectual background of Functionalism- Robert K. Merton's Codifications of Functional Analysis: Postulate of the functional unity of the society, Postulate of universal functionalism and Postulate of functional indispensability. Varieties of Functionalism - Functionalism as model and perspective.

### **Unit – II**

**Conflict Theory** – **Karl Marx**: The theory of Class struggle, **C. Wright Mills**: The Power Elite, **Ralf Dahrendorf**: The Rulers and Ruled, **Randall Callins**: The Analytic Conflict Theory, **Lewis Coser**: Conflict functionalism.

### **Unit – III**

**Symbolic Interactionism** – **Charles Horton Cooley**: Looking glass self, The primary group, **George Herbert Mead**: The coherent theory: Mind, Self and Society. The functions of self, **Herbert Blumer**: Symbolic Interactionism, Methodological Orientation and Society as Symbolic Interaction.

### **Unit – IV**

**Modernity** – What is modernity? Intensification of the process of modernity: Aspects of modernity. **Anthony Giddens**: Modernity is multi-dimensional. **Zygmunt Bauman**: Modernity as holocaust. **Jurgen Habermas**: Modernity is rationality and an unfinished project. Characteristics of modernity.

### **Unit – V**

**Post Modern Thinkers**: **Jean Baudrillard**- Simulation Society, Simulation and Consumerism. **Michel Foucault**: Madness and Civilization, The order of things. **Jean-Francois Lyotard**: Scientific Narratives, Impact of post modern science on humanities.

## References

- **Doshi, S.L., *Modernity, Post Modernity and Neo-Sociological Theories*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2006.**
- **Craig Calhoun et.al (Ed), *Contemporary Sociological Theory*, Blackwell Publishing Oxford, UK, 2007.**
- **Francis Abraham, M, *Modern Sociological Theories*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1982.**
- **Charles Lemert et.al (Ed), *Social Theory – The multicultural and Classic Readings*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2004.**
- **Nagla, B.K., *Indian Sociological Thought*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2008.**
- **E.C. Cuff, W.W. Sharrock and D.W. Francis, *Perspectives in Sociology*, Routledge, London, 2009.**
- **Jonathan H. Turner, *The Structure of Sociological Theory*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2007.**
- **Lewis Coser, *Masters of Sociological Thought*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2008..**
- **Doshi, S.L. *Post Modern Perspectives on Indian Society*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2008.**
- **Yogendra Singh, *Ideology & Theory in Indian Sociology*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2005.**